Numb. 451

The Daily Gazetteer.

Friday, December 3 1736.

No 449.

Barbados, Sept. 6.

HAVING been favour'd with a Copy of an Act lately pass'd in the Island of *Mountserrat*, of a pretty extraordinary Nature, but which is supposed to be very necessary and useful at this Juncture, we believe it will not be unacceptable to your Readers to see it publish'd.

There have, we understand, been several Seizures already made in Pursuance of the Act, and particularly a Ship of 5 or 6000 l. Value, which was condemn'd in the Court of Admiralty; and tho' the *Frenchman* was permitted to appeal, on giving Security, 'tis generally thought that either no Security will be given, or if there is, the Sentence will be confirm'd at Home. Be that however as it will, the Law, how hard soever it might otherwise be thought in itself, can by no Means be deemed such, with regard to the *French*, and their late Conduct towards us, since his most Christian Majesty by his Edict ever since the Year 1727, has enforc'd the very same Thing, and many *English* Vessels no Ways culpable, have been seiz'd and condemn'd by Colour thereof: So that 'tis hop'd, as this new Act of our Sister Colony is no more than *Lex Talionis*, it will be allowed to contiuue in Force till at least our good Ally shall be pleased to recall his Edict abovementioned; and that as the Legislative Body at *Mountserrat*, have at length exerted only a little of the true ancient Spirit of their *British* Ancestors, it will not be disapprov'd of, but rather that they will be applauded for, and supported therein. Mean while we are credibly inform'd, a Bill of the same Nature is preparing at *Antigua*, with such Alterations and Improvements as may be thought adviseable by the Gentlemen of the Law, whose Assistance perhaps could not be so readily had in the other Island. Whether the Situation of this Place may make such a Law requisite, I dare not presume to say; but it wou'd seem not unworthy the Consideration of all Well-wishers to their Country, tho' possibly *Tobago*, St. *Vincent*, and St. *Lucia*, may be less convenient for Places of Rendezvous in carrying on the illicite Trade to the Northern Colonies, than that of St. *Eustatia*, with respect to the Leeward Islands.

MOUNTSERRAT.

An Act for the more effectual preventing all Trade in these Parts between his Majesty's Subjects and the French.

WHereas by the Treaty of Peace, good Correspondence and Neutrality in *America* between the King of *Great Britain* that then was, and the *French* King, concluded on the 6th Day of *November* 1686, it was among other Things agreed by the Fifth and Sixth Articles, the Subjects, Inhabitants, &c. of each Kingdom are prohibited to Trade, and fish in all Places possessed, or shall be possessed by the other in *America*, and that if any Ship or other Vessels should be found trading contrary to the said Treaty, upon due Proof, the said Ship shall be confiscated: But in Case the Subjects of either Nation should be forced by Stress of Weather, Enemies, or other Necessity into the Ports of the other in *America*, they should be treated with Humanity and Kindness, and might provide themselves with Victuals and other Things necessary for their Sustenance and Reparation of their Ships at Reasonable Rates, provided they do not break Bulk, nor carry any Goods out of their Ships, exposing them to Sale, nor receive any Merchandize on Board, under Penalty of Confiscation of Vessel and Goods. And his Majesty having been pleased among other Instructions to his present Captain General, dated at *Hampton Court* the Twentieth Day of *July*, 1733, after Recital of the said Purport of the Fifth and Sixth Articles of the said Treaty of Peace and Neutrality, to declare it to be his Will and Pleasure that his said Chief Governor should take particular Care that none of the *French* Subjects be allowed to Trade from their said Settlements to any of the Islands under his Government, or fish upon the Coasts thereof. And whereas the sailing of Vessels close under the Shores of any of these Islands, except under the Necessities as aforesaid, can be for no other Intent but for carrying on such illicit Trade. And the *French* King having by an Article of his Edict of *October* 1727, in Construction of the said Treaty, peremptorily declar'd all *English* Vessels sailing within a League of the Shores of any *French* Island, to be seized and confiscated without other Proof of Trade, as if guilty and convicted of a Breach of the said Fifth and Sixth Articles of the said Treaty of Peace and Neutrality in *America*. And whereas the present Captain General, immediately after his coming to his Government, did give publick Notice of the Purport of the said Fifth and Sixth Articles of the said Treaty of Neutrality throughout this Government, thereby declaring his Majesty's Intention as aforesaid: Yet nevertheless his Majesty's Subjects Incontravention of the said Treaty, in Breach of the Laws of *Great Britain*, and in Disobedience to his Majesty, do daily Correspond and Trade with the *French* in these Parts, to the utter Ruin of his Majesty's Subjects of these his Sugar Colonies; and even Trade directly from this Island, and other Sugar Islands, with the *French*; carry on the said Trade illusively at Desart or Neutral Islands, pretending thereby to evade the Purport of the said Fifth and Sixth Articles of the said Treaty of Neutrality, and a due Obedience to his Majesty's Will and Pleasure, so signify'd, and with a most presumptuous Insult and Breach of an Act of Parliament made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the better securing and encouraging the Trade of his Majesty's Sugar Colonies in America*. And whereas the Judges of his Majesty's High Court of Admiralty in these Islands have seemed doubtful what Judgment to give at the Trial of Vessels for a Breach of the said Treaty of Neutrality, for want of a Law to give further Force, and to render the said Treaty effectual: Therefore for the manifest Good, and to relieve from so great Evils his Majesty's Subjects of these Sugar Colonies, and that his Majesty's most gracious Intentions for the Welfare of them may have their due Effect, we your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Governor in Chief of all your Majesty's Leeward Caribbee Islands in *America*, the Council and Assembly of the Island of *Mountserrat*, do humbly pray your Majesty that it may be enacted and ordain'd, and be it enacted and ordain'd, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *June* next ensuing the Date of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commander of any of his Majesty's Ships of War, or for the Commander of any other Vessel fitted out for that Purpose by Commission from the Governor or Commander in Chief of these Islands for the Time being, to seize and take any *French* Ship or Vessel that they shall meet at Sea within a League of any *English* Shore, or sailing any where within the Extent of the Government of his Majesty's Leeward Islands, and having actually Traded any where with any of his Majesty's Subjects, the said Trade being actually proved by the said *French* Ship or Vessel having on Board Provisions, Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of his Majesty's Colonies, Lands, Islands, or Territories, or Negroes, Cattle, Horses, or Mules, purchased of *English* Subjects on Shore, at Sea, or any where, and the said *French* Ship or Vessel so seized and taken, to bring into this Island, and them to prosecute in the High Court of Admiralty of this Island in the usual Manner, where this Act shall be pleaded and given in as Evidence for convicting and condemning the said *French* Ship or Vessel that shall be so found sailing within a League of any *English* Shore in this Government, or that shall by due Proof be found to have Traded with his Majesty's Subjects as aforesaid, by having on board Provision, Goods, Wares and Merchandizes of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of his Majesty's Colonies, Lands, Islands, or Territories, Negroes, Cattle, Horses, or Mules, purchased of *English* Subjects on Shore, at Sea, or any where aforesaid. And further, that the Officers of his Majesty's Customs of this Island for the Time being, are hereby impowered by Virtue of this Act, to seize any *French* Vessel that shall come to an Anchor in any Road or Bay in this Island, tho' forced in thither by Distress, and having on Board any such Goods of *English* Produce or live Stock as aforesaid, and the same to bring to Trial and Condemnation as aforesaid, and the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty within this Island is hereby directed and required to allow of this Act being pleaded before him as aforesaid, and to pay a full Regard and Obedience hereto; the Court of Admiralty of this Island being hereby authorized, impowered and required to proceed to hear and finally determine on any such Seizure, according to the Course and Method used and practised in that Court in Prosecutions for Offences against Laws for regulating Trade, and such Seizures and Forfeitures shall be divided as follows, viz. All such Seizures made by any of his Majesty's Ships of War, or by any such Custom-house Officer, One third Part thereof for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be applied for the Support of the Government of the Colony or Plantation where the same shall be recovered; one third Part to the Governor or Commander in Chief of the said Colony or Plantation, and the other third Part to the Commander of such Ship of War, or Custom-house Officer, as Prosecutor, who shall sue for the same; but if such Seizure be made by any Vessel belonging to any of his Majesty's Subjects, and commissioned for the due Execution of this Act as foresaid, whereby great Expence must accrue to the Owner or Owners, and to such Persons as shall equip at their own Expence such Vessels, in such Case such Prize shall be divided as follows, viz. One third Part thereof for the Use of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be applied for the Support of the Government of the Colony or Plantation, where the same shall be recovered, and the other two Thirds to the Owner or Owners, and to such Persons as shall equip at their own Expence such Vessels as aforesaid: And if any Scruple shall arise, whether the Lading of such *French* Vessel be of the Produce of any of his Majesty's Dominions as aforesaid, the *Onus probandi* that they are foreign Produce, shall be on the Master and Crew of the *French* Vessel so seized: And for the better and more effectual carrying this Act into Execution; Be it further Enacted, That the Expence of prosecuting any Offence against this Act, shall be paid and borne, in the first Place, out of the Share and Parts of the Penalties and Forfeitures hereby given and granted to his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon any Seizure, Condemnation and Judgment to be had and obtained for or by Reason of any Fraud or Misbehaviour against the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from France; *but it brought little or no News of Consequence.*

THE Letters from Naples say, that the King Don Carlos continued to hunt Pheasants, and that he went to the Isle of Procide on board the Capitana of Naples, attended by a great Number of Barges, Gallies, and Wherries, and had such a fine Passage, that with the Help of Oars, he cross'd over in 3 Hours Time.

They write from Madrid, that his Catholick Majesty has conferred the Order of the Golden Fleece upon the Duke de Sora Buoncampagno, who is Don Carlos's Ambassador at that Court, and that he intends to create him a Grandee of Spain of the first Class.

From Paris, that the Dutchess Dowager of Lorain is to live at Commercy, there to be Sovereign and to keep her Court, with a Pension of 600,000 Livres from France. The said Dutchess has sent an Express to the Orleans Family, and to such Princes of the House of Lorain as are in France, to notify the intended Marriage of the Princess Elizabeth her eldest Daughter, to the King of Sardinia.

The first Princess Dowager of Conti is said to be better, but not quite out of Danger.

'Tis now said, that M. de Chavigni, who was some time ago Ambassador at the British Court, is to succeed the Marquis de Bonac, as Ambassador to Switzerland.

LON-

LONDON.

We hear that next Tuesday is appointed for the Trial of Nixon the Nonjuring Parſon, and one Spittal, at the Court of King's Bench, Weſtminſter, for being concern'd in the late audacious and unparallel'd Inſult upon the Legiſlature, in blowing up certain Acts of Parliament in Weſtminſter-Hall by Gunpowder, in the Face, and in Defiance of the Hon. Courts of Juſtice then and their ſitting, who are of our Laws the Venerable Guardians and Interpreters.

Laſt Sunday Noon three young Men of Tunbridge were committed to Maidſtone Gaol, taken by John Colgate, Conſtable, and brought by him before Jeff. Amherſt and John Kirrill, Eſqrs. two of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, and charged upon the Oath of Mary Parke of Tunbridge aforeſaid, ſingle Woman, for a Rape by them lately committed on her Body.

Yeſterday came on before the Commiſſioners of Exciſe the Trials of Mr. Bubb, Mr. Teping, and Mr. Goodin, Diſtillers, for Retailing Spirituous Liquors, contrary to the late Act, who were all found Guilty, and fined 100 l. each.

The ſame Day came on the Trials of Mr. Ambroſe Godfrey, a noted and wealthy Chymiſt in Southampton-ſtreet, and ſeveral others, for Retailing Spirituous Liquors, who were acquitted.

Laſt Monday died at Rocheſter, in an advanced Age, Henry Ingram, Eſq; who had been many Years in the Commiſſion of the Peace for the County of Kent, a Gentleman remarkable for his extenſive Charity and Benevolence to the Poor, and lamented by all who had the Pleaſure of his Converſation.

Yeſterday the Lady of the Right Hon. Sir Charles Wager lay very ill at his Houſe at the Admiralty Office.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Leiceſter continues very dangerouſly ill of the Gout, at his Seat at Penſhurſt in Kent.

To-morrow William Bridges of Pall Mall, Eſq; is to be married to Mrs. Weſton, of Great George Street, Hanover Square, Relict of the late William Weſton, Eſq; a Lady of fine Accompliſhments and a plentiful Fortune.

Laſt Sunday George Robinſon, Eſq; was married at Hampton Court to Miſs Hammel, Daughter and ſole Heireſs of the late —— Hammel, of Sunbury, Eſq; a very beautiful young Lady, with a good Fortune.

Laſt Wedneſday died at Iſlington Mr. Midford, an Ironmonger in Thames-ſtreet, who was reckoned one of the largeſt Dealers in England in that Way.

The Right Hon. the Lord Hunſdon has obtained his Majeſty's Leave to continue in Holland another Year.

We hear that a Rule for an Information hath been lately granted in the Court of King's Bench, againſt ſe eminent Tradeſmen of the City of York, for a ot committed there againſt one of his Majeſty's Officers of Exciſe in that City.

Yeſterday Wells and Lion, two of Bonner's Evidences, who were convicted of Perjury laſt Seſſions at the Old Baily, ſtood in the Pillory at the Royal Exchange, but were not in the leaſt pelted by the Mob as uſual in ſuch Caſes; after which they were carried back to Newgate in order to ſuffer the ſix Months Impriſonment, and to find Security for their good Behaviour for ſeven Years purſuant to their Sentence.

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 149 1-4th. India 1-9 1-half. South Sea 100. Old Annuity 111 1-4th. New Ditto 110 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 105 3 8ths to 1 half. Emperor's Loan 118. Royal Aſſurance 112. London Aſſurance 14 5-8ths. African 16. India Bonds 6 l. 2 s. to 3 s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 6 l. Prem. South Sea ditto 2 l. 16 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 1 l. Premium. Salt Tallies 3 to 4 1-half Premium. Engliſh Copper 2 l. 8 s. Welſh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 per Cent. Premium. Three per Cent. ditto 1 3-4ths per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 116.

WENMAN's PUNCH-HOUSE *on London-Bridge.*

PUNCH continued to be made in all exact and juſt Conformity to the Laws, to the ſame great Perfection, Prices and Proportions as Mr. Aſhley at the London Punch-Houſe, Ludgate-Hill (am the only Perſon that has yet join'd with him in this Undertaking.)

— Two Thirds as much for the ſame Money as I have hitherto done, which is no dearer than the Price Mr. Aſhley reduced it from, and the Price that all others (that did not join with him) ſold it for before the Commencement of this Act.

Being deſirous of giving a general Satisfaction, however ſmall my preſent Profit may be, in Hopes that ſo much of this Law as affects PUNCH will ſoon be abrogated.

AMOS WENMAN.

Bow Church-yard, Nov. 3, 1736.

MR. THOMAS COBB, Printer and Engraver, who married the Widow of the late Mr. JOHN CLUER, at the Maiden-head, the lower End of Bow Church-yard, in Cheapſide, London, having aſſigned and ſold the ſaid Printing-houſe and Buſineſs to his Brother-in-law WILLIAM DICEY;

This Publick Notice is given,

That *WILLIAM DICEY*, for Himſelf, and his Son *CLUER DICEY*, being provided with compleat Sets of new Types, and all other Materials, carry on, in the moſt expeditious Manner, all Buſineſs, both in the LETTER and ROLLING-PRESS Way.

Alſo Shopkeepers, and others, may there have curiouſly ENGRAVED (as well as Printed) *Sign Plates, Bills of Parcels*, or any other Buſineſs, either in *Wood* or *Copper*.

Note, The wholeſale and retale Warehouſe for diſpenſing *Dr. BATEMAN's* PECTORAL DROPS, for the Encouragement and more beneficial Uſe of which Sovereign Chymical Medicine, his MAJESTY hath granted his Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, is continued and carried on in London, only by the ſaid WILLIAM DICEY and BENJAMIN OKELL, the Patentee, at the Printing Office in Bow Church-yard aforeſaid: Where all Merchants, for Tranſportation, Shopkeepers, and others, for Sale or charitable Uſes, may be ſupplied, with good Allowance.

Note alſo, That ſuch Shopkeepers, &c. as cannot with Conveniency be ſerved from London, may have their Orders obeyed, by directing or ſending *To WILLIAM DICEY, at his Warehouſe in NORTHAMPTON*: At both which Places a Book of the Virtues and Uſe of the ſaid DROPS may be had gratis.

To be Lett,

At SANDWICH *in* DORSETSHIRE,

A New Stone Building, compleatly finiſh'd after the beſt Manner, conſiſting of a handſome Dwelling Houſe, ſaſh'd with 4 Rooms on a Floor, with Cloſſets, &c. a large and convenient Brewhouſe, with all neceſſary Utenſils for Brewing 10 Hogſheads at a Time; a Malthouſe, capable to ſupply it, and a fine Vault under the Building, made to contain near 1000 Hogſheads, with a good Garden, Store-houſe, Stables, and all other neceſſary Appurtenances.

N. B. The ſaid Buildings are ſupply'd with the beſt of Water, and ſtands all compact, very advantageouſly ſituated within a large Court, not 40 Yards from the Sea; by which Means Barley may be imported from the beſt Markets, and Beer exported to any foreign Parts, as well as all Parts of England, at the moſt eaſy Rate. For farther Particulars, inquire of Mr. JOHN CARTER, a Joiner near old Palace Yard, Weſtminſter; or of Mr. CHAPMAN, at Sandwich.

Wedneſday (Dec. 1.) *was publiſhed,*

THE POLITICAL STATE of Great Britain for the Month of NOVEMBER, 1736.

Containing in particular,

I. Journal of the Proceedings and Debates of laſt Seſſion of Parliament continued.

Containing,

1. Petitions againſt the Quakers Bill.
2. Copy of the ſaid Bill as ſent to the H——ſe of L——ds.
3. Debate in the H——ſe of L——ds upon it.
4. Speeches of the E——l of S——gh, the L——d H——y, and the L——d B——ſt, upon it.
5. Liſt of L——ds who voted for and againſt it.
6. Bill brought into the H——ſe of C——ns, for the better Relief and Imployment of the Poor.
7. Petitions againſt the Mortmain Bill.
8. The ſeveral Diviſions in the H——ſe of C——ns upon it.
9. The ſeveral Amendments offered in the H——ſe of L——ds.
10. Debate upon it in that Houſe.

II. Marriages, &c.

III. Bill of Mortality.

N. B. The Proceedings and Debates of laſt Seſſion were begun in the Political State for the Month of June laſt; and ſhall be concluded next Month.

Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noſter-Row. Price 1 s. 6 d. Where may be had the former Numbers.

This Day is Publiſhed,

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THE LITERARY MAGAZINE: Or the Hiſtory of the Works of the Learned. Containing an Account of the moſt valuable Books publiſh'd both at Home and Abroad, in moſt of the Languages in Europe, and in all Arts and Sciences. With proper Obſervations on each Author. To which are occaſionally added, Biographical Memoirs, Diſſertations, and Critical Enquiries.

By a SOCIETY *of* GENTLEMEN.

For NOVEMBER 1736.

This Month contains,

I Critical Remarks on Mr. Whiſton's Tranſlation of Joſephus.

II. The Hiſtory of England, continued to the Acceſſion of his late Majeſty to the Crown; by Monſieur de Rapin Thoyras.

III. A Treatiſe of Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

IV. A Continuation of Tournefort's Hiſtory of Plants.

V. Travels into Muſcovy, Perſia and Part of the Eaſt-Indies; by Monſieur Cornelius le Bruin.

VI. Literary News.

Printed and ſold by J. and J. Fox, in Weſtminſter-Hall; J. Jackſon, near St. James's-Gate; T. Meigban, in Drury-Lane; J. Wilcox, over-againſt the New Church in the Strand; T. Worral, over-againſt St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-ſtreet; P. Meighan, at Grays-Inn-Gate in Holbourn; and H. Whitridge, at the Corner of Caſtle-Alley, near the Royal Exchange.

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VI. A Collection of Papers relating to the *Eaſt India Trade*: Wherein are ſhewn the DISADVANTAGES to a Nation by confining any Trade to a Corporation with a Joint Stock. To which is added, The *Scheme* preſented to the Houſe of Commons for laying the Trade to the *Eaſt Indies* free and open to all his Majeſty's Subjects; with the ſeveral Obſervations thereupon. Price 1 s. 6 d.

VII. The PROCEEDINGS of the Directors of the *South Sea Company*, from their firſt Propoſal for taking in the Publick Debts *Jan.* 17. 1719, to the Choice of New Directors. To which are added the By-Laws of the ſaid Company. Pr. 1 s.

VIII. A BRIEF ENQUIRY, how far every Government has a Right to defend itſelf; or, whether, the Excluſion of Diſſenters from Civil Offices, juſtifies the greateſt Hardſhips and Severities on them.

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This Volume conſiſts of above ſeventy ſcarce and curious TRACTS; among which are contain'd,

1. A Sermon no leſs fruitful than famous, by *Wickliffe*, 1382.
2. The wonderful Year, 1603.
3. A Narrative of the Proceedings at *Wincheſter*, where the Lord *Cobham*, Lord *Gray*, and Sir *Griffin Markham*, all attainted of High-Treaſon, were ready to be executed on the 9th of *December*, 1603. With his Majeſty's Warrant for ſuſpending their Execution.
4. A Short View of the long Life and Reign of *Henry* III. By Sir *Robert Cotton*.
5. The Danger wherein the Kingdom now ſtandeth, and the Remedy. By the ſame Hand. 1628.
6. *Vox Civitatis*; or, *London*'s Complaint. 1625.
7. Proteſt of the Houſe of Commons (in 1604) againſt certain Infringements of the Court, &c. MS.
8. Remarkable Paſſages which occurred from the Meeting of the Parliament the 23d of *January* 1657. to their Diſſolution. Alſo a Liſt of their Names who ſat in the other Houſe, as greatly deſign'd for a Houſe of Lords, with a brief Deſcription of their Merits and Deſerts.
9. A moſt notable Speech concerning the other Houſe. *March* 1659.
10. Valour anatomiz'd in a Fancy. By Sir *Philip Sidney*. 1581.
11. The laſt Will of *George Fox*.
12. *William Lithgow*'s Account of his inhuman Racking by the *Spaniards* at *Malaga*, in 1620.
13. Count *Gondomar*'s Tranſactions, during his Embaſſy in *England*, 1620.
14. A true and exact Narration of the miraculous Deliverance of *Anne Green*: Who, being executed at *Oxford* the 4th of *December* 1650, afterwards reviv'd. Together with the Manner of her ſuffering, and the particular Means uſed for her Recovery.
15. A Declaration of the Life, Treaſons, and Execution of Dr. *John Story*, 1571.
16. Sir *Walter Raleigh*'s Ghoſt. MS. 1612.
17. The Anatomy of the *Engliſh* Nunnery at *Lisbon*, 1622.
18. The Life of *Henry Welby*, Eſq; who liv'd at his Houſe in *Grubſtreet* 44 Years, and in that Space was never ſeen by any. And there died the 29th of October, 1636, aged 84.
19. A true Hiſtorical Relation of King *Richard* the 2d's wonder-working Parliament.
20. The End and Confeſſion of *John Felton*; alſo of Thomas and *Chriſtopher Norton*, executed 1570.
21. The Fatal Veſper, the 26th of *October*, 1623.
22. *Robert* Earl of *Eſſex*'s Ghoſt, 1624.
23. Confeſſions, &c. of *Edmond Campion*, and other condemned Prieſts. 1582.
24. A Record of ſome worthy Proceedings in the Houſe of Commons, 1611.
25. A Declaration of the Cauſes, moving the Queen of England to give Aid to the Defence of the People afflicted and preſſed, in the Low Countries, 1585.
26. A Declaratioun of the King's Majeſty's Intentiones and Meaning toward the lait Actis of Parliament. Edinburgh, 1584.

NB. Gentlemen poſſeſſed of any Part of this Work may have the Remainder to complete the Volume.

LONDON Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noſter-Row.*